#### **Laboratory Biology Curriculum**

# Unit 4: Classification/Taxonomy and Microbes

**Overview:** Students will be able to articulate how characteristics unique to the various domains and kingdoms of organisms provide for favorable reproduction success among species within those kingdoms. Traditional classification, modern evolutionary classification, and the tree of life will be models of exploration. Students will apply characteristics of a living thing to determine if all microbes are living things. A variety of tools will be explored to evaluate the impact of prokaryotes and viruses on human health. This unit will examine each of the major taxonomic kingdoms in order to gain an appreciation of what sets apart organisms from one kingdom to the next. The theme of cell structure, energy use, genetics, evolution, and natural selection are reinforced. *Unit primarily based on Disciplinary Core Idea LS4.C (Adaptation)*.

Overview	Standards for Science	Unit Focus	<b>Essential Questions</b>
Unit 4  Classification / Taxonomy and Microbes	• HS-LS2-8 • HS-LS4-1 • HS-LS4-2 • HS-LS4-3 • HS-LS4-4 • HS-LS4-5	<ul> <li>Life is organized.</li> <li>Why science insists on classifying and organizing life.</li> <li>Evolutionary relationships affect the way scientists classify organisms.</li> <li>Life is organized into three domains and six kingdoms utilizing four high-level characteristics.</li> <li>Specific tools are utilized in the area of taxonomy.</li> <li>Are all microbes living?</li> <li>What are the different animals? Different plants? Different fungi? Different protists?</li> <li>Dissection to visually reinforce understanding of plants and vertebrates.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What is the goal of biologists who classify living things?</li> <li>What are the major groups within which all organisms are currently classified?</li> <li>What are the tools used by taxonomists?</li> <li>What does the tree of life show?</li> <li>Are all microbes that make us sick made of living cells?</li> <li>What is a virus?</li> <li>How can we prevent bacterial and viral diseases from spreading?</li> <li>What roles do prokaryotes play in the</li> </ul>

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# Unit 4: Classification/Taxonomy and Microbes

#### Unit 4: Enduring Understandings

- Life is organized by characteristics.
- Cell type, cell structure, mode of nutrition, and number of cells are characteristics that provide the backbone for organization.
- Evolution by natural selection has reinforced understanding of taxonomy.
- Specific tools identify different aspects of classification.
- Microbes impact all aspects of life.
- Controlling the spread of disease is critical to human health.
- Life is organized into six kingdoms. Within each kingdom, further division are made based upon differences in that kingdom.

living world?

- Why are emerging diseases particularly threatening to human health?
- What are the differences among all the animals? All the plants? All the fungi? All the protists?

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### Microbes

	Standards		Pacing	
Curriculum Unit 4			Days	Unit Days
Unit 4:	HS-LS2-8	Evaluate the evidence for the role of group behavior on individual and species' chances to survive and reproduce.	5	
Classification / Taxonomy and Microbes	HS-LS4-1	Communicate scientific information that common ancestry and biological evolution are supported by multiple lines of empirical evidence.	5	40
	HS-LS4-2	Construct an explanation based on evidence that the process of evolution primarily results from four factors: (1) the potential for a species to increase in number, (2) the heritable genetic variation of individuals in a species due to mutation and sexual reproduction, (3) competition for limited resources, and (4) the proliferation of those organisms that are better able to survive and reproduce in the environment	9	
	HS-LS4-3	Apply concepts of statistics and probability to support explanations that organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms lacking this trait.	4	
	HS-LS4-4	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how natural selection leads to adaptation of populations	5	
	HS-LS4-5	Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in: (1) increases in the number of individuals of some	12	

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species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species		
Assessment, Re-teach and Extension *last 4 days for Final Exam preparation	40	

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Disciplinary Core Ideas	Indicator #	Indicator	
ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems	HS-LS2-8	Evaluate the evidence for the role of	
The more precisely a design task's criteria and constraints can		group behavior on individual and	
be defined, the more likely it is that the designed solution will		species' chances to survive and	
be successful. Specification of constraints includes		reproduce.	
consideration of scientific principles and other relevant	HS-LS4-1	Communicate scientific information that	
knowledge that are likely to limit possible solutions. (MS-		common ancestry and biological evolution	
ETS1-1)		are supported by multiple lines of empirical	
,		evidence.	
ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions	HS-LS4-2	Construct an explanation based on evidence	
A solution needs to be tested, and then modified on the basis		that the process of evolution primarily	
of the test results, in order to improve it. (MS-ETS1-4)		results from four factors: (1) the potential	
		for a species to increase in number, (2) the	
ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution		heritable genetic variation of individuals in	
Although one design may not perform the best across all tests,		a species due to mutation and sexual	
identifying the characteristics of the design that performed the		reproduction, (3) competition for limited	
best in each test can provide useful information for the		resources, and (4) the proliferation of those	
redesign process—that is, some of those characteristics may be		organisms that are better able to survive	
incorporated into the new design. (MS-ETS1-3)		and reproduce in the environment	
	HS-LS4-3	Apply concepts of statistics and probability	
		to support explanations that organisms with	
		an advantageous heritable trait tend to	
		increase in proportion to organisms lacking	
		this trait.	

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WHICHOUGS			
	HS-LS4-4	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how natural selection leads to adaptation of populations	
	HS-LS4-5	Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in: (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species	

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Unit 4 Laboratory Biology		
Assessment Plan		
• Exploratory activities	• Quizzes	
Warm-up activities	• Tests	
Individual/Group Lab report	<ul> <li>Authentic assessments and projects</li> </ul>	
Class discussions	• Exploratory activities	
Student Participation	• Presentations	
• Teacher Observations	• Current Events	

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Resources	Activities
Otherwise Present Service Programme	<ul> <li>Use various forms of expository writing-procedural writing, narrative writing, descriptive writing, labeling, as well as to create visuals, graphs, tables, diagrams and charts.</li> <li>Use scientific argumentation with exercises on writing claims, using evidence to support your claim and explaining the reasoning behind their claim.</li> <li>mini-lessons</li> <li>independent reading</li> <li>films</li> <li>website exploration</li> <li>discussions, dialogues</li> <li>debates</li> <li>partner or small group work</li> <li>student presentations, reports, journals, reflections,</li> <li>in-class assessments,</li> <li>written reports, essays, research, and homework</li> <li>reinforcement of prefix, suffix, root words to build upon general &amp; disciplinary vocabulary</li> </ul>
Instructional Best Prac	ctices and Exemplars
1. Identifying similarities and differences	6. Cooperative learning
2. Summarizing and note taking	7. Setting objectives and providing feedback
3. Reinforcing effort and providing recognition	8. Generating and testing hypotheses
4. Homework and practice	9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers
5. Nonlinguistic representations	10. Manage response rates

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# Unit 4: Classification/Taxonomy and Microbes

#### 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

- 9.2.12.CAP.2: Develop college and career readiness skills by participating in opportunities such as structured learning experiences, apprenticeships, and dual enrollment programs.
- 9.2.12.CAP.3: Investigate how continuing education contributes to one's career and personal growth.
- 9.2.12.CAP.6: Identify transferable skills in career choices and design alternative career plans based on those skills.
- 9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas
- 9.4.12.CT.1: Identify problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice
- 9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving
- 9.4.12.DC.8: Explain how increased network connectivity and computing capabilities of everyday objects allow for innovative technological approaches to climate protection.
- 9.4.12.GCA.1: Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political. economic, cultural) may work better than others
- 9.4.12.IML.5: Evaluate, synthesize, and apply information on climate change from various sources appropriately
- 9.4.12.TL.1: Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task 9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.
- 9.4.12.TL.3: Analyze the effectiveness of the process and quality of collaborative environments.
- 9.4.12.TL.4: Collaborate in online learning communities or social networks or virtual worlds to analyze and propose a resolution to a real-world problem

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

### Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

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# Unit 4: Classification/Taxonomy and Microbes

#### **Modifications for Special Education/504**

Students with special needs: Note: Teachers identify the modification they will use in the unit. Input via 504 and IEP plans will be implemented.

- Structure lessons around questions that are authentic, relate to students' interests, social/family background and knowledge of their community.
- Provide students with multiple choices for how they can represent their understandings (e.g. multisensory techniques-auditory/visual aids; pictures, illustrations, graphs, charts, data tables, multimedia, modeling).
- Provide opportunities for students to connect with people of similar backgrounds (e.g. conversations via digital tool such as SKYPE, experts from the community helping with a project, journal articles, and biographies).
- Provide multiple grouping opportunities for students to share their ideas and to encourage work among various backgrounds and cultures (e.g. multiple representation and multimodal experiences).
- Engage students with a variety of Science and Engineering practices to provide students with multiple entry points and multiple ways to demonstrate their understandings.
- Use project-based science learning to connect science with observable phenomena.
- Structure the learning around explaining or solving a social or community-based issue.
- Provide ELL students with multiple literacy strategies.
- Collaborate with after-school programs or clubs to extend learning opportunities.

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#### **Modifications for At-Risk Students**

Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success.

- At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support.
- This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations
- Structure lessons around questions that are authentic, relate to students' interests, social/family background and knowledge of their community.
- Provide students with multiple choices for how they can represent their understandings (e.g. multisensory techniques-auditory/visual aids; pictures, illustrations, graphs, charts, data tables, multimedia, modeling).
- Provide opportunities for students to connect with people of similar backgrounds (e.g. conversations via digital tool such as SKYPE, experts from the community helping with a project, journal articles, and biographies).
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English Language Learner	Modifications for Gifted Students
All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link:  https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors  Grades 9-12 WIDA Can Do Descriptors:  Reading Speaking Reading Writing Oral Language  Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications that may include:  Relate to and identify commonalities in Social Studies studies in student's home country  Assist with organization Use of computer Emphasize/highlight key concepts Teacher Modeling Peer Modeling Label Classroom Materials - Word Walls	Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges related to the topic.  Raise levels of intellectual demands  Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills  Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles  Provide higher level texts  Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions  Critical and creative thinking activities that provide an emphasis on research and in-depth study  Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study  Variety of Repertoire: 3- 5 extra song selections  above and beyond expectation for non- auditioned class., high school level selection  Additional Strategies may be located at the links:  Gifted Programming Standards  Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy_  REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs

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#### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

#### ELA:

RST.6-8.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.

**RST.6-8.7** Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

SL.8.5 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

#### Math:

MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

MP.4 Model with mathematics.

**6.RP.A.1** Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities.

7.RP.A.2 Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities.

**6.EE.B.6** Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.

**7.EE.B.6** Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities.

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# **Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8**

- 8.1.12.IC.1: Evaluate the ways computing impacts personal, ethical, social, economic, and cultural practices.
- 8.1.12.IC.3: Predict the potential impacts and implications of emerging technologies on larger social, economic, and political structures, using evidence from credible sources.
- 8.1.12.DA.1: Create interactive data visualizations using software tools to help others better understand real world phenomena, including climate change.